

Lab Highlights

ANALYSIS OF SUGARS II

RETENTION TIMES ON DEXTRO-PAK RADIAL-PAKTM CARTRIDGE

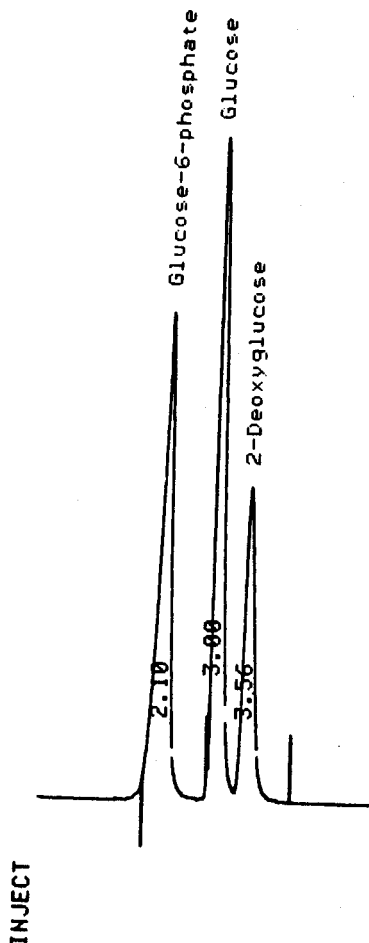
Lab Highlight # 0210 listed the retention times of a number of sugars and related compounds on a Sugar-PAKTM I Column. Data for the same samples, run on a Dextro-PAK Radial-PAKTM Cartridge under recommended operating conditions (water, 1.0 ml/min, room temperature) is presented here in Table 1.

TABLE 1
RETENTION TIMES (MINUTES)
DEXTRO-PAK

SAMPLE	RETENTION TIME
1-Butanol	N/R
2-Deoxyglucose	3.42
2-Propanol	N/R
Acetonitrile	7.40 (varies w/concentration)
Adonitol	2.87
Arabinose	3.00
Cellobiose	3.70
Ethanol	6.83
Ethylene Glycol	3.50
Fructose	2.92
Fucose	4.07
Galactose	2.77
Glucose	2.82
Glucose-6-phosphate	2.10
Glycerol	3.15
Lactulose	3.82
Lactose	3.00/3.22 (doublet)
Lyxose	2.97
Maltose	3.45
Maltotriose	4.40/4.75 (doublet)
Mannitol	2.87
Mannose	2.87
Melibiose	3.12
Methanol	3.90
Panose	4.95
Raffinose	7.00
Rhamnose	3.27
Ribose	3.07
Sorbitol	2.85
Sorbose	2.82
Stachyose	6.25
Sucrose	4.37
Xylitol	2.87
Xylose	2.82
Xylulose	3.12

As expected, there is little resolution of samples having similar molecular weight (e.g. the monosaccharides). It is possible to use the Dextro-PAK cartridge for purposes other than resolution of glucose oligomers. Ethanol, for example, is well separated from the simple sugars. It is also possible to resolve glucose-6-phosphate, glucose, and 2-deoxyglucose in four minutes (Figure 1).

FIGURE 1



It is strongly recommended that a RESOLVE™ C₁₈ Guard-PAK™ insert be used with the Dextro-PAK cartridge whenever samples containing proteins or high molecular weight carbohydrates (such as corn syrups) are analyzed. It is also useful to bring the filtered water mobile phase to a boil and maintain its temperature at 70-80°C. This will keep the mobile phase degassed and inhibit microbial growth, thereby allowing the system to be run for extended periods of time without need for column cleaning, re-priming pumps, etc.