

RAPID ANALYSIS OF OPIUM ALKALOIDS USING RADIAL-PAK™
NOVA-PAK™ C₁₈ COLUMNS

A number of HPLC methods for the simultaneous analysis of the four major opium alkaloids: morphine, codeine, thebaine, and papaverine have been developed. Use of Radial Compression Technology with the new NOVA-PAK™ chemistry allowed these authors to develop a rapid analysis for these compounds with improved sensitivity (1). The authors concluded that "...the new NOVA C₁₈ packing allows for a greater resolution of alkaloids present in low concentration and provides more complete separation of the constitutions (SIC) of freshly exuded latex from the opium poppy."

Analysis conditions were as follows:

Column: NOVA-PAK™ C₁₈, 8 mm I.D. X 10 cm Radial-PAK™ cartridge
Eluents: A: 10 mM KClO₄/5 mM n-Butylamine, pH 3.0
(adjusted with HClO₄);
B: Acetonitrile
Flow Rate: 3 ml/min.
Detector: 280 nm

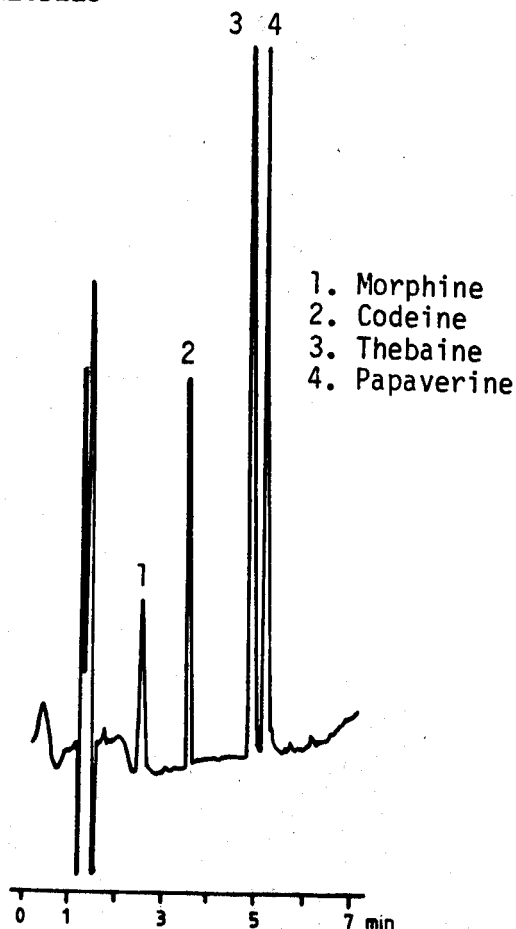


FIGURE 1

GRADIENT:

TIME	FLOW	%A	%B	CURVE
Initial	3.0	90	10	*
5.0	3.0	30	70	6
7.0	3.0	30	70	6

FIGURE 2

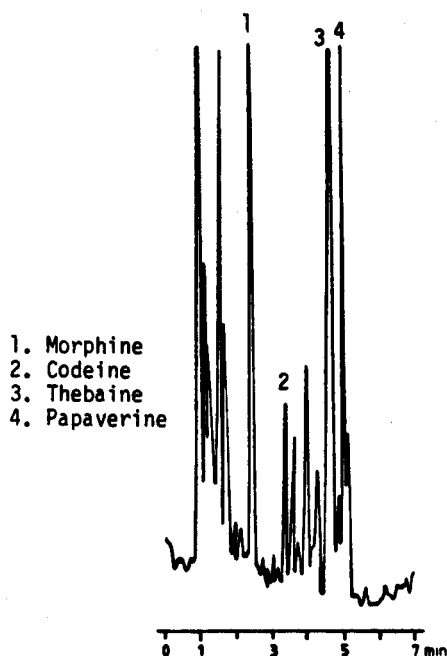


TABLE 1: REPRODUCIBILITY OF THE DETERMINATION OF ALKALOID STANDARDS

	Morphine	Codeine	Thebaine	Papaverine
Known Concentration ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Observed Concentration ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Standard deviation	0.53	0.18	0.04	0.06
Relative standard deviation (%)	5.3	1.8	0.4	0.6

The LC system consisted of one M6000A and one M45 pump, WISPTM autosampler, M720 System Controller, M440 Detector (\odot 280 nm), an M730 Data Module, and a Z-ModuleTM Radial Compression Separation System.

Chromatograms of the alkaloid standards and freshly exuded opium poppy latex are shown in Figures 1 and 2, respectively. Table 1 shows reproducibility of the determinations of standards ($n = 12$).