ANALYSIS OF DRUG METABOLITES IN BIOLOGICAL FLUIDS USING MIXED-MODE SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION AND ULTRAPERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY-TANDEM MASS SPECTROMETRY



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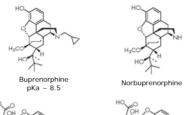
INTRODUCTION

Quantitation of metabolites is crucial for understanding the biotransformation process of any drug. UltraPerformance liquid chromatography (UPLC[®] technology) provides significant advantages over traditional HPLC with respect to throughput, sensitivity, and resolution. It has also been shown to greatly reduce matrix effects in bioanalytical assays.

Mixed-mode solid phase extraction (SPE) has been shown to be the ideal method for sample preparation for sensitive and robust determination of trace-level components in complex matrices. This is mainly due to the presence of two different retention mechanisms; reversed-phase and ion exchange. Analytes of interest are retained by ion exchange while more hydrophobic interferences that contribute to matrix effects (phospholipids) can be washed from the sample.

The cumulative benefits of both mixed-mode SPE and UPLC[®] technology are presented for the analysis of opiates and their glucuronide metabolites in rat plasma. All compounds are extracted in a single experiment, and subsequently analyzed by UPLC[®]-MS/MS in multiple reaction monitoring (MRM) mode. Total cycle time is 2 minutes, which is suitable for analysis of 500 to 1,000 samples per day. Recovery was greater than 93 % for all analytes and varied less than 6% between days.

OPIATE STRUCTURES

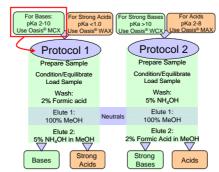




Norbuprenorphine glucuronide

Buprenorphine alucuronide

OASIS 2X4 PROTOCOL



METHODS

Solid Phase Extraction (Oasis® MCX µElution plate)

- Rat plasma spiked with 20 ng/mL each analyte.
- . Sample pretreated with 1:1 dilution in 4% H₃PO₄ in H₂O.
- 3. Condition with 200 µL MeOH
- Equilibrate with 200 µL H₂O.
- Load 400 μL sample (200 μL spiked plasma + 200 μL 4% H₃PO₄ in H₂O).
- Wash with 200 µL 2% formic acid in H₂O
- Wash with 200 µL MeOH
- 8. Elute with 2 X 25 μL 5% NH₄OH in MeOH
- 9. Dilute 1:1 with H₂O and inject 5 µL onto UPLC®-MS/MS

UPLC®-MS/MS

All analyses were performed on an ACQUITY UPLC system connected in-line to a TQD mass spectrometer (*Electrospray positive mode*).

Column: ACQUITY UPLC[®] BEH G_{11} , 2.1 x 50 mm, 1.7 µm Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in H₂O Mobile phase B: 100% Acetonitrile Gradient: 15-60% B in 1 min, to 95% B at 1.01 min, hold at 95% B until 1.5 min, reset (2 min total cycle time) Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min Column temp: 30 °C Injection volume: 5 µL (20 µL loop size) Weak needle wash: 0.2% formic acid in 50/50 MeOH/H₂O

Strong needle wash: 0.2% formic acid in ACN/IPA (60/40)

| Compound | Transition | Cone Voltage (V) | Collision Energy (eV) | Dwell Time (ms) |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Buprenorphine | 468.2 > 54.9 | 70 | 45 | 15 |
| Norbuprenorphine | 414.2 > 101.0 | 70 | 40 | 15 |
| Buprenorphine glucuronide | 644.2 > 468.2 | 70 | 40 | 15 |
| Norbuprenorphine glucuronide | 590.2 > 414.2 | 65 | 38 | 15 |

Table 1. MRM transitions for opiate analytes on the TQD

OPIATE ANALYSIS IN RAT PLASMA

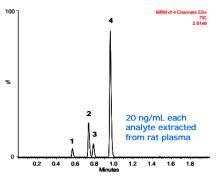


Figure 1. Total ion chromatogram of a rat plasma sample spiked with 20 ng/mL of each opiate. Peaks: (1) norbuprenorphine glucuronide, (2) buprenorphine glucuronide, (3) norbuprenorphine, (4) buprenorphine.

RECOVERY

Recovery was determined by comparing pre-extracted spiked rat plasma samples with post-extracted spiked samples. Experiments were performed over a three day period, with 4 replicates being performed on each day.

| Day | Bup. | Norbup. | Bup. glucuronide | Norbup. glucuronide |
|-------|------|---------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 97.5 | 102 | 91.6 | 95.1 |
| 2 | 88.3 | 92.1 | 98.2 | 99.7 |
| 3 | 95.4 | 94.2 | 92.2 | 89.9 |
| AVG | 93.7 | 96.1 | 94.0 | 94.9 |
| % RSD | 5.1 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 5.2 |

Table 2. % Recovery of opiates from rat plasma over a three day period. N = 4 on each day.

CONCLUSIONS

- A method for extraction and analysis of opiates and their glucuronide metabolites was developed using Oasis[®] MCX µElution SPE and UPLC[®]-MS/MS.
- All analytes were stable throughout the extraction and analysis procedure.
- Average recovery for all compounds was greater than 93% over several days, and varied less than 6%.
- The 2 minute UPLC[®]-MS/MS analysis is suitable for high throughput bioanalysis.

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